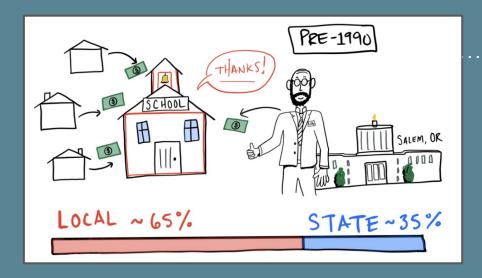
VFUND OREGON VSCHOOLS ADVOCACY

Education Funding & Advocacy

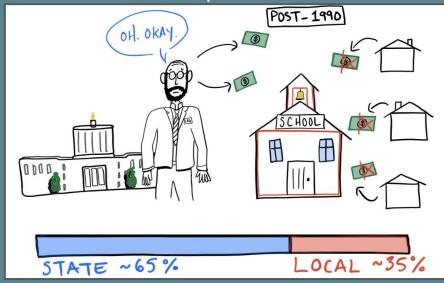
March 2025

Oregon Public Education Funding "Before & After"

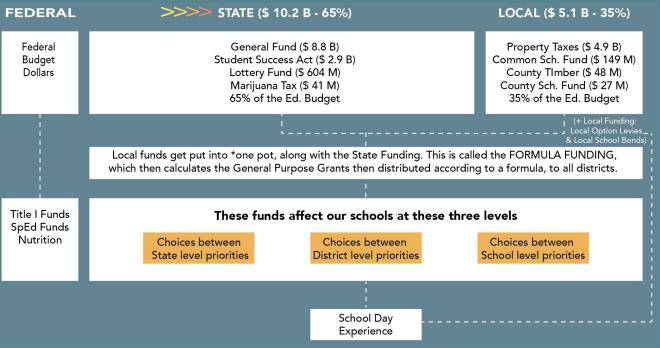








Funding the 2023-2025 Biennium



*each district keeps their local funding in their own accounts. The state then decides the formula number based on the info of what each local district has in local funding, so the formula is different depending on the district. (Each district therefore has a different per student contribution from the state.)

The very simplified chart above shows the main sources of funding (especially the General Fund, local property taxes, and the Student Success Act) and how they flow to school districts mainly using the state formula that calculates the "General Purpose Grants" for each district. It also shows the levels at which decisions are made, based on where the revenue originates.



THE FUNDING

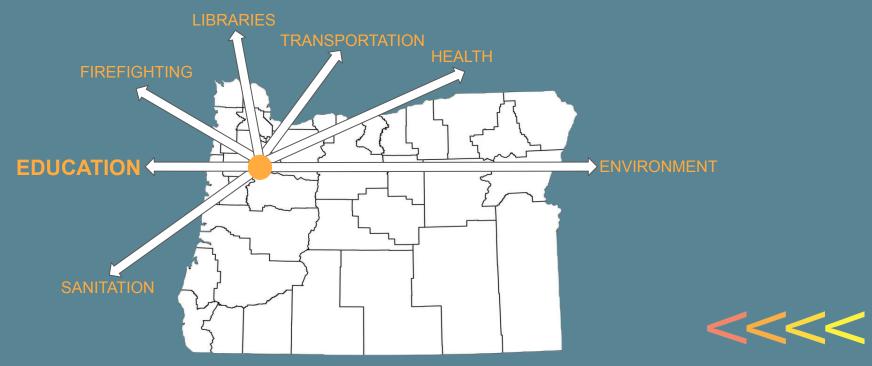
THE DECISIONS

THE EFFECT



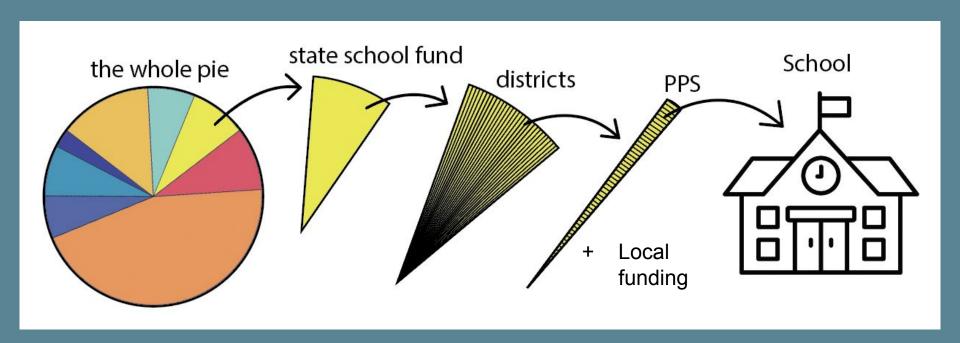
Education in Competition





Smaller and Smaller Pieces of Pie







Quality Education Model

Section 8

Text of Section 8:

Adequate and Equitable Funding

(1) The Legislative Assembly shall appropriate in each biennium a sum of money sufficient to ensure that the state's system of public education meets quality goals established by law and publish a report that either demonstrates the appropriation is sufficient, or identifies the reasons for the insufficiency, its extent, and its impact on the ability of the state's system of public education to meet those goals.

(2) Consistent with such legal obligation as it may have to maintain substantial equity in state funding, the Legislative Assembly shall establish a system of Equalization Grants to eligible districts for each year in which the voters of such districts approve local option taxes as described in Article XI, section 11 (4)(a) (B) of this Constitution. The amount of such Grants and eligibility criteria shall be determined by the Legislative Assembly.^[1]

The QEM Loophole





BALLOT MEASURE 1 REPORT

GOVERNOR JOHN A. KITZHABER, M.D. DECEMBER 1. 2000

"This measure constitutionally requires the Legislature to provide funding adequate to meet the quality education goals established by law – and to explain how the legislatively adopted budget meets those goals. In short, this is about accountability. It will force the K-12 debate in Salem to take place not around large, abstract numbers -- \$5.8 billion, \$4.9 billion – but rather around what we want those dollars to achieve in the classroom to advance the goals of the Education Act."

Governor Kitzhaber's State of the State Address January 21, 2000

Ballot Measure 1 (adopted by voters in November 2000): The Legislative Assembly shall appropriate in each bitennium a sum of money sufficient to ensure that the state's system of public education meets quality goals established by law, and publish a report that either demonstrates the appropriation is sufficient, or identifies the reasons for the insufficiency, its extent, and its impact on the ability of the state's system of public education to meet those goals.

GOVERNOR'S FINDINGS

The Governor's Recommended Budget for primary and secondary schools (K-12) for 2001-03 is not sufficient to ensure that the state's system of public education meets the quality goals established by law. The budget does not appropriate the funding levels estimated by the Quality Education Commission, established under Executive Order 99-16, as being sufficient for Oregon's students to meet the academic standards established through the Oregon Educational Act for the 21st Century. The recommended budget is \$862 million below the level estimated by the Commission to fully meet the costs. However, the budget addresses the priority targets identified by the Quality Education Commission for phase-in to eventual full funding.

REASON FOR THE INSUFFICIENCY

Revenues available under current law cannot support the continuation of all state programs into the 2001-03 biennium at the program levels currently in place. The Governor's budget recommends program reductions throughout the state budget to deal with this revenue gap. Funding available to K-12 has been increased to focus on those performance targets identified by the Quality Education Commission as being the highest priority for expansion.

UNDERFUNDED by over \$22 BILLION



EXHIBIT A: GAP BETWEEN QEM AND ACTUAL STATI	ATE FUNDING
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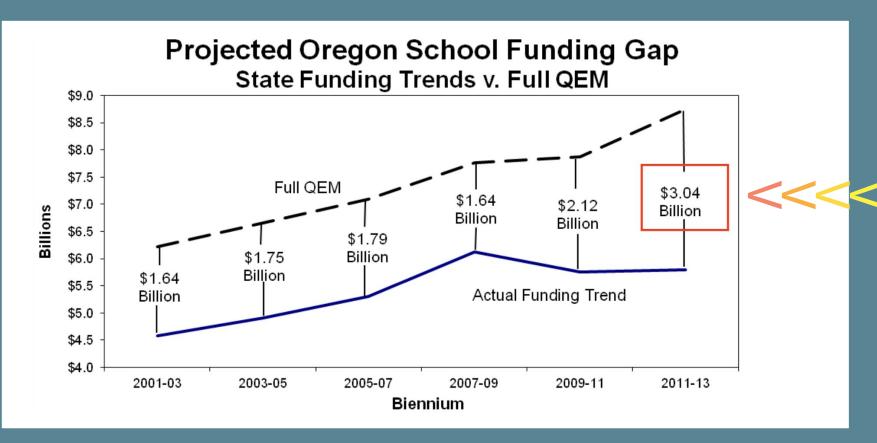
Biennium	QEM Full Implementation Model	SSF Legislative Appropriation	SSA Funding	Total State Funding	Funding Gap	Gap as Percentage
1999-2001	\$5.654	\$4.562		\$4.562	\$1.092	23.9%
2001-2003	\$6.215	\$4.573		\$4.573	\$1.642	35.9%
2003-2005	\$6.659	\$4.907		\$4.907	\$1.752	35.7%
2005-2007	\$7.096	\$5.305		\$5.305	\$1.791	33.8%
2007-09	\$7.766	\$6.131		\$6.131	\$1.635	26.7%
2009-11	\$7.872	\$5.756		\$5.756	\$2.116	36.8%
2011-13	\$8.004	\$5.799		\$5.799	\$2.205	38.0%
2013-15	\$8.775	\$6.650		\$6.650	\$2.125	32.0%
2015-17	\$9.158	\$7.376		\$7.376	\$1.782	24.2%
2017-19	\$9.971	\$8.200		\$8.200	\$1.771	21.6%
2019-21	\$10.773	\$9.000		\$9.000	\$1.773	19.7%
2021-23	\$11.163	\$9.300	\$1.306	\$10.606	\$0.557	6.0%
2023-25	\$13.227	\$9.372	\$1.338	\$10.710	\$2.517	26.9%



2001-2025: 24 years of reports explaining why Oregon has insufficient revenue to fund public schools.

A billion is a lot more than a million. \$22 billion in underfunding is equal to 22,000 million.





Review of Oregon's Current Public K-12 Education Funding Formula

Submitted to:

Oliver Droppers | Deputy Director for Policy Research Legislative Policy and Research Office Oregon State Capitol 900 Court St NE Rm. 453 Salem, OR 97301 (503) 986-1520

Submitted by:

Christopher D. Brooks | Researcher Brad Salvato | Research Assistant Jesse Levin | Principal Research Economist

American Institutes for Research

February 2025

https://olis.oregonlegislature.gov/liz/2025R1/Committees/SED/2025-02-26-17-30/MeetingMaterials







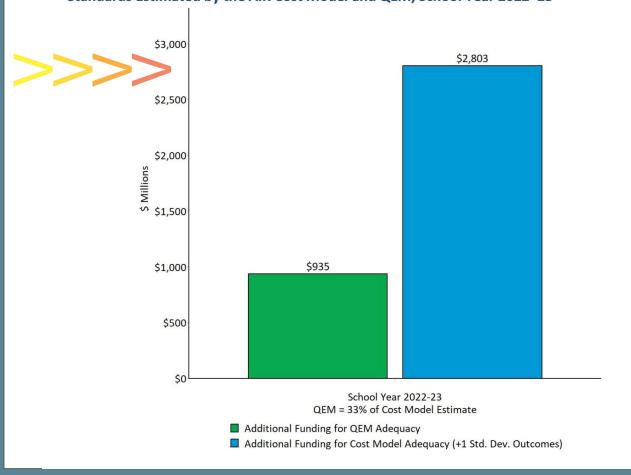
To fix what ails Oregon schools, spend a lot more money, new report suggests

Updated: Feb. 20, 2025, 6:01 a.m. | Published: Feb. 20, 2025, 6:00 a.m.

By Julia Silverman | The Oregonian/OregonLive

Oregon needs to drastically revamp its <u>decades-old funding</u> <u>formula</u> and spend far more per pupil to come close to meeting its <u>stated goals for student success</u>, particularly in schools that serve a concentration of students from low-income families, according to a prominent national research institute.

Exhibit 29. Comparison of Additional Funding Required to Meet Statewide Adequacy Standards Estimated by the AIR Cost Model and QEM, School Year 2022–23





The Underlying Issues



- We are one of five states that have no sales tax.
- Measure 5 and 50 capped property taxes.
- Oregon is the only state with a Kicker Credit.
- Fluctuating Income Tax = an unstable primary revenue source for funding schools.



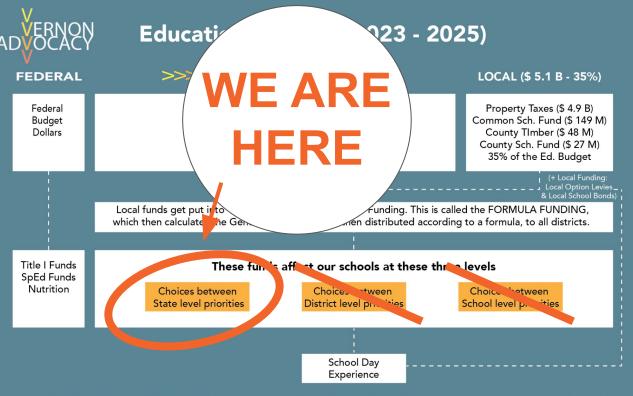
NOW WHAT?



Now we do whatever we can, as loud as we can, because we won't have another chance for 2 years.

We need to fund to QEM!





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THE FUNDING

THE DECISIONS

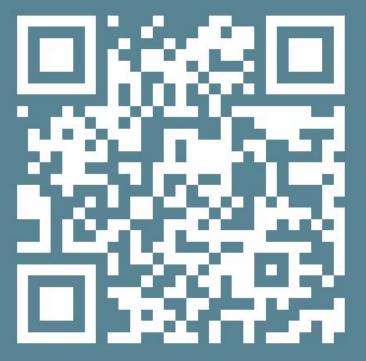
THE EFFECT







www.vernonpta.org/advocacy



RESOURCES

OREGON PTA SCHOOL FUNDING ADVOCACY

LATEST PTA FUNDING & ADVOCACY
COMMUNICATION

PPS OFFICE OF GOVERNMENT RELATIONS

LATEST PPS FUNDING & ADVOCACY COMMUNICATION

THE FUND FOR PPS - ADVOCACY

COMMUNITY AND PARENTS FOR PPS

FAMILIES FOR EQUITY IN SCHOOLS

Q&A RESPONSES FOR LEGISLATOR ANSWERS

FINANCIAL DATA REPORTED BY
SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND EDUCATION
SERVICE DISTRICTS

SPEAK UP ABOUT FEDERAL CUTS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

ACTION ALERTS!

FIND YOUR LEGISLATORS

2025 COMMUNITY BUDGET HEARING:

MARCH 22, GRESHAM

PORTLAND FOR ALL POLICY TALKS: CITY

AND COUNTY BUDGET ADVOCACY:

MARCH 26 - VIRTUAL

SB 5515 ODE BUDGET BILL PUBLIC

HEARING: MARCH 26

SB 5516 STATE SCHOOL FUND BILL

HEARING: MARCH 27

OREGON PTA/ CPPS PARENT LOBBY

DAY: APRIL 30 - SALEM